SECTION 23 07 00 - HVAC INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:
   1. HVAC piping insulation, jackets and accessories.
   2. HVAC ductwork insulation, jackets, and accessories.
   3. Equipment Insulation, jackets and accessories.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. ASTM International and Underwriters Laboratories:
   1. ASTM A666 - Standard Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar.
   2. ASTM C450 - Standard Practice for Fabrication of Thermal Insulating Fitting Covers for NPS Piping, and Vessel Lagging.
18. UL/ULC Classified – Underwriters Laboratories classification mark for products the UL has evaluated by its standards and are covered by UL’s follow-up Services program.

B. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors’ National Association (SMACNA):
   1. SMACNA - HVAC Duct Construction Standard - Metal and Flexible.

1.3 SUBMITTALS
A. Product Data: Submit product description, thermal characteristics and list of materials and thickness for each service, and location.

1.4 WARRANTY
A. Furnish five year manufacturer warranty for man-made fiber.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER
A. Manufacturers for Glass Fiber and Mineral Fiber Insulation Products:
   2. Knauf Insulation
   3. Owens-Corning.

B. Manufacturers for Closed Cell Elastomeric Insulation Products:
   2. Armacell, LLC. Armaflex.

2.2 PIPE INSULATION
A. TYPE P-1: ASTM C547, molded glass fiber pipe insulation. Conform to ASTM C795 for application on Austenitic stainless steel.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.23 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 850 degrees F.
4. Jacket Temperature Limit: minus 20 to 150 degrees F.

   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.23 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 850 degrees F.

C. TYPE P-3: ASTM C612; semi-rigid, fibrous glass board noncombustible, end grain adhered to jacket. Conform to ASTM C795 for application on Austenitic stainless steel.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 650 degrees F.
   3. Vapor Barrier Jacket: ASTM C1136, Type II, factory applied reinforced foil kraft with self-sealing adhesive joints.
   4. Jacket Temperature Limit: minus 20 to 150 degrees F.

D. TYPE P-4: ASTM C612; semi-rigid, fibrous glass board noncombustible. Conform to ASTM C795 for application on Austenitic stainless steel.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 650 degrees F.

E. TYPE P-5: ASTM C534, Type I, flexible, closed cell elastomeric insulation, tubular.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: Minus 70 to 180 degrees F.

F. TYPE P-6: ASTM C534, Type I, Grade 2, flexible, closed cell elastomeric insulation, tubular.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.30 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Maximum Service Temperature: 300 degrees F.
   3. Operating Temperature Range: Minus 58 to 300 degrees F.

G. TYPE P-7: ASTM C534, Type I, flexible, non-halogen, closed cell elastomeric insulation, tubular.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Maximum Service Temperature: 250 degrees F.
   3. Operating Temperature Range: Minus 58 to 250 degrees F.

H. TYPE P-8: ASTM C547, Type I or II, mineral fiber preformed pipe insulation, noncombustible.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.23 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Maximum Service Temperature: 1200 degrees F.
Guide Specification

Los Angeles World Airports


2.3 PIPE INSULATION JACKETS

A. Vapor Retarder Jacket:
   1. ASTM C921, ASTM C1136 white Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film.
   2. Water Vapor Permeance: ASTM E96 / E96M; 0.02 perms.

B. PVC Plastic Pipe Jacket:
   1. Product Description: ASTM D1785, One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
   2. Thickness: 30 mil.
   3. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive with VOC content of 50 g/l according to 40 CFR 59, subpart D (EPA Method 24).

C. ABS Plastic Pipe Jacket:
   1. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
   2. Water Vapor Permeance: ASTM E96 / E96M; 0.02 perms.
   3. Thickness: 30 mil.

D. Aluminum Pipe Jacket:
   1. ASTM B209.
   2. Thickness: 0.2 inch thick sheet.
   3. Finish: Embossed.
   5. Fittings: 0.2 inch thick die shaped fitting covers with factory attached protective liner.

E. Stainless Steel Pipe Jacket:
   1. ASTM A240 / A240M OR ASTM 666 Type 304 stainless steel.
   2. Thickness: 0.016 inch thick.

F. Field Applied Glass Fiber Fabric Jacket System:
   1. Insulating Cement/Mastic: ASTM C195; hydraulic setting on mineral wool.
   2. Glass Fiber Fabric:
      a. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight.
      b. Blanket: 1.0 lb/cu ft density.
2.4 PIPE INSULATION ACCESSORIES

A. Vapor Retarder Lap Adhesive: Compatible with insulation.

B. Covering Adhesive Mastic: Compatible with insulation.

C. Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter and smaller: Galvanized steel insulation protection shield. MSS SP-69, Type 40. Length: Based on pipe size and insulation thickness.

D. Piping 2 inches diameter and larger: Wood insulation saddle, hard maple. Inserts length: not less than 6 inches long, matching thickness and contour of adjoining insulation.


F. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.

G. Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement: ASTM C449 / C449M.

H. Insulating Cement: ASTM C195; hydraulic setting on mineral wool.

I. Adhesives: Compatible with insulation.

2.5 DUCTWORK INSULATION

A. TYPE D-1: ASTM C1290, Type III, flexible glass fiber, commercial grade with factory applied reinforced aluminum foil jacket meeting ASTM C1136, Type II.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 degrees F.
   3. Density: 0.75 pound per cubic foot.

B. TYPE D-2: ASTM C612, Type IA or IB, rigid glass fiber, with factory applied all service facing meeting ASTM C1136, Type II.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.22 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Density: 2.25 pound per cubic foot.

C. TYPE D-3: ASTM C612, Type IA or IB, rigid glass fiber, no facing.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Density: 2.25 pound per cubic foot.

D. TYPE D-4: ASTM C1071, Type I, flexible, glass fiber duct liner with coated air side.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.25 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Density: 1.5 pound per cubic foot.
   3. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 degrees F.
   4. Maximum Air Velocity: 6,000 feet per minute.
Guide Specification

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E. TYPE D-5: ASTM C1071, Type II, rigid, glass fiber duct liner with coated air side.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.23 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Density: 3.0 pound per cubic foot.
   3. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 degrees F.
   4. Maximum Air Velocity: 4,000 feet per minute.

F. TYPE D-6: ASTM C534, Type II, flexible, closed cell elastomeric insulation, sheet.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Service Temperature Range: Minus 58 to 180 degrees F.

2.6 DUCTWORK INSULATION JACKETS

A. Aluminum Duct Jacket:
   1. ASTM B209.
   2. Thickness: 0.016 inch thick sheet.
   3. Finish: Embossed.
   5. Fittings: 0.016 inch thick die shaped fitting covers with factory attached protective liner.
   6. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8 inch wide; 0.015 inch thick aluminum.

B. Vapor Retarder Jacket:
   1. Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film 0.0032 inch vinyl.
   2. Water Vapor Permeance: ASTM E96/E96M; 0.02 perms.
   3. Secure with pressure sensitive tape.

C. Canvas Duct Jacket: UL listed, 6 oz/sq yd, plain weave cotton fabric with fire retardant lagging adhesive compatible with insulation.

D. Outdoor Duct Jacket: Asphalt impregnated and coated sheet, 36 lb/square.

2.7 DUCTWORK INSULATION ACCESSORIES

A. Vapor Retarder Tape:
   1. Kraft paper reinforced with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film, with pressure sensitive rubber based adhesive.

B. Vapor Retarder Lap Adhesive: Compatible with insulation.

C. Adhesive: Waterproof, ASTM E162 fire-retardant type.

D. Liner Fasteners: Galvanized steel, self-adhesive pad with integral press-on head.
E. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.

F. Lagging Adhesive: Fire retardant type with maximum 25/450 flame spread/smoke developed index when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.

G. Impale Anchors: Galvanized steel, 12 gage self-adhesive pad.

H. Adhesives: Compatible with insulation.

I. Membrane Adhesives: As recommended by membrane manufacturer.

2.8 EQUIPMENT INSULATION

A. TYPE E-1: ASTM C553; glass fiber, flexible or semi-rigid, noncombustible.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 450 degrees F.
   3. Density: 1.5 pound per cubic foot.

B. TYPE E-2: ASTM C612; glass fiber, rigid board, noncombustible with factory applied reinforced foil kraft jacket.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 450 degrees F.
   3. Density: 3.0 pound per cubic foot.
   4. Jacket Temperature Limit: minus 20 to 150 degrees F.

C. TYPE E-3: ASTM C612; semi-rigid, fibrous glass board noncombustible, end grain adhered to jacket.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 650 degrees F.
   3. Vapor Barrier Jacket: ASTM C1136, Type II, factory applied reinforced foil kraft with self-sealing adhesive joints.
   4. Jacket Temperature Limit: minus 20 to 150 degrees F.

D. TYPE E-4: ASTM C612; semi-rigid, fibrous glass board noncombustible.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 at 75 degrees F.
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 0 to 650 degrees F.

   1. Products: Provide the following:
      a. Cell-U-Foam Corporation; Ultra-CUF.
      b. Pittsburgh Corning Corporation; Foamglas Super K.
2. Thermal Conductivity (k-value) at 75°F mean temperature is 0.27 Btu x in./hr. x ft. x degree F. or less.
3. Block Insulation: ASTM C552, Type I.
4. Special-Shaped Insulation: ASTM C552, Type III.
5. Board Insulation: ASTM C552, Type IV.
6. Preformed Pipe Insulation without Jacket: Comply with ASTM C552, Type II, Class 1.
8. Factory fabricate shapes according to ASTM C450 and ASTM C585.

F. TYPE E-7: ASTM C533; Type II, hydrous calcium silicate block insulation, asbestos free.
   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.45 at 200 degrees F
   2. Operating Temperature Range: 140 to 1200 degrees F

   1. Thermal Conductivity: 0.25 at 100 degrees F
   2. Maximum Service Temperature: 1200 degrees F
   3. Density: 4 pound per cubic foot.

2.9 EQUIPMENT INSULATION JACKETS

A. PVC Plastic Equipment Jacket:
   1. Product Description: ASTM D1785, sheet material, off-white color.
   2. Minimum Service Temperature: -40 degrees
   3. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F
   4. Water Vapor Permeance: ASTM E96 / E96M; 0.02 perms
   5. Thickness: 10 mil.

B. Aluminum Equipment Jacket:
   1. ASTM B209/Thickness: 0.016 inch thick sheet.
   2. Finish: Smooth
   4. Fittings: 0.016 inch thick die shaped fitting covers with factory attached protective liner.
   5. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8 inch wide; 0.015 inch thick aluminum.

C. Canvas Equipment Jacket: UL listed, 6 oz/sq yd, plain weave cotton fabric with fire retardant lagging adhesive compatible with insulation.
D. Vapor Retarder Jacket:
   1. ASTM C921, ASTM C1136 white Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film.
   2. Water Vapor Permeance: ASTM E96 / E96M; 0.02 perms.

E. Field Applied Glass Fiber Fabric Jacket System:
   1. Insulating Cement/Mastic: ASTM C195; hydraulic setting on mineral wool.
   2. Glass Fiber Fabric:
      a. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight.
      b. Blanket: 1.0 lb/cu ft density.
      c. Weave: 5 x 5.
   3. Indoor Vapor Retarder Finish:
      a. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight.
      b. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation, white color.

2.10 EQUIPMENT INSULATION ACCESSORIES

A. Vapor Retarder Lap Adhesive: Compatible with insulation.

B. Covering Adhesive Mastic: Compatible with insulation.

C. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.

D. Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement: ASTM C449 / C449M.

E. Adhesives: Compatible with insulation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify piping, and ductwork has been tested before applying insulation materials.

B. Verify surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

3.2 INSTALLATION - PIPING SYSTEMS

A. Piping Exposed to View in Finished Spaces: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.

B. Continue insulation through penetrations of building assemblies or portions of assemblies having fire resistance rating of one hour or less. Provide intumescent firestopping when continuing insulation through assembly. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
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Refer to Section 07 84 00 for penetrations of assemblies with fire resistance rating greater than one hour.

C. Piping Systems Conveying Fluids Below Ambient Temperature:
   1. Insulate entire system including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
   2. Furnish factory-applied or field-applied vapor retarder jackets. Secure factory-applied jackets with pressure sensitive adhesive self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips. Secure field-applied jackets with outward clinch expanding staples and seal staple penetrations with vapor retarder mastic.
   3. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor retarder adhesive or PVC fitting covers.

D. Glass Fiber Board Insulation:
   1. Apply insulation close to equipment by grooving, scoring, and beveling insulation. Fasten insulation to equipment with studs, pins, clips, adhesive, wires, or bands.
   2. Fill joints, cracks, seams, and depressions with bedding compound to form smooth surface. On cold equipment, use vapor retarder cement.
   3. Cover wire mesh or bands with cement to a thickness to remove surface irregularities.

E. Hot Piping Systems less than 140 degrees F:
   1. Furnish factory-applied or field-applied standard jackets. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples or pressure sensitive adhesive system on standard factory-applied jacket and butt strips or both.
   2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
   3. Do not insulate unions and flanges at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation at such locations.

F. Hot Piping Systems greater than 140 degrees F:
   1. Furnish factory-applied or field-applied standard jackets. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples or pressure sensitive adhesive system on standard factory-applied jacket and butt strips or both.
   2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
   3. Insulate flanges and unions at equipment.

G. Inserts and Shields:
   1. Piping 1-1/2 inches Diameter and Smaller: Install galvanized steel shield between pipe hanger and insulation.
   2. Piping 2 inches Diameter and Larger: Install insert between support shield and piping and under finish jacket.
      a. Insert Configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of thickness and contour matching
adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.

b. Insert Material: Compression resistant insulating material suitable for planned
   temperature range and service.

3. Piping Supported by Roller Type Pipe Hangers: Install galvanized steel shield
   between roller and inserts.

H. Insulation Terminating Points:

1. Coil Branch Piping 1 inch and Smaller: Terminate hot water piping at union upstream
   of the coil control valve.

2. Chilled Water Coil Branch Piping: Insulate chilled water piping and associated
   components up to coil connection.

3. Condensate Piping: Insulate entire piping system and components to prevent
   condensation.

I. Closed Cell Elastomeric Insulation:

1. Push insulation on to piping.

2. Miter joints at elbows.

3. Seal seams and butt joints with manufacturer’s recommended adhesive.

4. When application requires multiple layers, apply with joints staggered.

5. Insulate fittings and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent
   pipe.

J. High Temperature Pipe Insulation:

1. Install in multiple layers to meet thickness scheduled.

2. Attach each layer with bands. Secure first layer with bands before installing next
   layer.

3. Stagger joints between layers.

4. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal piping.

K. Pipe Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces (less than 10 feet above
   finished floor): Finish with canvas jacket sized for finish painting.

L. Piping Exterior to Building: Provide vapor retarder jacket. Insulate fittings, joints, and
   valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe, and finish with glass
   mesh reinforced vapor retarder cement. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located at
   3 or 9 o’clock position on side of horizontal piping with overlap facing down to shed water
   or on bottom side of horizontal piping.

M. Buried Piping: Insulate only where insulation manufacturer recommends insulation
   product may be installed in trench, tunnel or direct buried. Install factory fabricated
   assembly with inner all-purpose service jacket with self-sealing lap, and asphalt
   impregnated open mesh glass fabric, with 1 mil thick aluminum foil sandwiched between
   three layers of bituminous compound; outer surface faced with polyester film.
N. Heat Traced Piping Interior to Building: Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material, thickness, and finish as adjoining pipe. Size large enough to enclose pipe and heat tracer.

O. Heat Traced Piping Exterior to Building: Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material, thickness, and finish as adjoining pipe. Size insulation large enough to enclose pipe and heat tracer. Cover with aluminum stainless steel jacket with seams located at 3 or 9 o’clock position on side of horizontal piping with overlap facing down to shed water.

P. Prepare pipe insulation for finish painting.

3.3 INSTALLATION - DUCTWORK SYSTEMS

A. Insulated ductwork conveying air below ambient temperature:
1. Provide insulation with vapor retarder jackets.
2. Finish with tape and vapor retarder jacket.
3. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, hangers, and other duct penetrations.
4. Insulate entire system including fittings, flanges, fire dampers, flexible connections, and expansion joints.

B. Insulated ductwork conveying air above ambient temperature:
1. Provide with or without standard vapor retarder jacket.
2. Insulate fittings and joints. Where service access is required, bevel and seal ends of insulation.

C. Ductwork Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces (below 10 feet above finished floor): Finish with canvas jacket sized for finish painting.

D. External Glass Fiber Duct Insulation:
1. Secure insulation with vapor retarder with wires and seal jacket joints with vapor retarder adhesive or tape to match jacket.
2. Secure insulation without vapor retarder with staples, tape, or wires.
3. Install without sag on underside of ductwork. Use adhesive or mechanical fasteners where necessary to prevent sagging. Lift ductwork off trapeze hangers and insert spacers.
4. Seal vapor retarder penetrations by mechanical fasteners with vapor retarder adhesive.
5. Stop and point insulation around access doors and damper operators to allow operation without disturbing wrapping.

E. External Elastomeric Duct Insulation:
1. Adhere to clean oil-free surfaces with full coverage of adhesive.
2. Seal seams and butt joints with manufacturer’s recommended adhesive.
3. When application requires multiple layers, apply with joints staggered.
4. Insulate standing metal duct seams with insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent duct surface. Apply adhesive at joints with flat duct surfaces.
5. Lift ductwork off trapeze hangers and insert spacers.

F. Duct and Plenum Liner:
1. Adhere insulation with adhesive for 90-100 percent coverage.
4. Seal liner surface penetrations with adhesive.
5. Cut insulation for tight overlapped corner joints. Support top pieces of liner at edges with side pieces.

G. Ducts Exterior to Building:
1. Install insulation according to duct liner paragraph above.
2. Provide external insulation with vapor retarder jacket. Cover with outdoor jacket finished with caulked aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal duct section.
3. Finish with aluminum duct jacket.
4. Calk seams at flanges and joints. Located major longitudinal seams on bottom side of horizontal duct sections.

H. Prepare duct insulation for finish painting.

3.4 INSTALLATION - EQUIPMENT

A. Factory Insulated Equipment: Do not insulate.
B. Exposed Equipment: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
C. Fill joints, cracks, seams, and depressions with bedding compound to form smooth surface. On cold equipment, use vapor retarder cement.
D. Equipment Containing Fluids Below Ambient Temperature:
1. Insulate entire equipment surfaces.
2. Apply insulation close to equipment by grooving, scoring, and beveling insulation. Fasten insulation to equipment with studs, pins, clips, adhesive, wires, or bands.
3. Furnish factory-applied or field-applied vapor retarder jackets. Secure factory-applied jackets with pressure sensitive adhesive self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips. Secure field-applied jackets with outward clinch expanding staples and seal staple penetrations with vapor retarder mastic.
4. Finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
E. Equipment Containing Fluids 140 degrees or Less:
   1. Do not insulate flanges and unions, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
   2. Install insulation with factory-applied or field applied jackets, with or without vapor barrier. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive.
   3. Finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.

F. Equipment Containing Fluids Over 140 degrees F:
   1. Insulate flanges and unions with removable sections and jackets.
   2. Install insulation with factory-applied or field applied jackets, with or without vapor barrier. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive.
   3. Finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.

G. Equipment in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces: Finish with canvas jacket sized for finish painting or PVC jacket and fitting covers.

H. Equipment Located Exterior to Building: Install vapor barrier jacket or finish with glass mesh reinforced vapor barrier cement. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal equipment.

I. Cover insulation with aluminum jacket.

J. Nameplates and ASME Stamps: Bevel and seal insulation around; do not cover with insulation.

K. Equipment Requiring Access for Maintenance, Repair, or Cleaning: Install insulation for easy removal and replacement without damage.

### 3.5 SCHEDULES

A. Cooling Services Piping Insulation Schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIPING SYSTEM</th>
<th>INSULATION TYPE</th>
<th>PIPE SIZE</th>
<th>INSULATION THICKNESS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chilled Water Supply and Return 40 to 60 degrees F</td>
<td>P-1</td>
<td>Less than 4 inches</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4 inches and larger</td>
<td>3.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chilled Water Supply and Return less than 40 degrees F</td>
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<td>3/4 inch and smaller</td>
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<td>1 inch to 6 inches</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8 inches and larger</td>
<td>3.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Condensate Piping from Cooling Coils</td>
<td>P-5</td>
<td>All sizes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Refrigerant Suction</td>
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<td>All sizes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Refrigerant Hot Gas</td>
<td>P-5</td>
<td>All sizes</td>
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B. Heating Services Piping Insulation Schedule:

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<th>PIPING SYSTEM</th>
<th>INSULATION TYPE</th>
<th>PIPE SIZE</th>
<th>INSULATION THICKNESS</th>
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<tr>
<td>Heating Water Supply and Return 105 to 140 degrees F</td>
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<td>1 inch and smaller Greater than 1 inch</td>
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<td>Heating Water Supply and Return 141 to 200 degrees F</td>
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<td>Less than 1-1/2 inches 1-1/2 inches and larger</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2.0</td>
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<td>Heating Water Supply and Return 201 to 250 degrees F</td>
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<td>Less than 4 inches 4 inches and larger</td>
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<td>Heating Water Supply and Return 251 to 350 degrees F</td>
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<td>Less than 1 1/2 inches 1 1/2 inches and larger</td>
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<td>Heating Water Supply and Return Above 350 degrees F</td>
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<td>Humidifier Supply Piping</td>
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<td>2 inches and smaller 2-1/2 inches and larger</td>
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<tr>
<td>Humidifier Drain Piping</td>
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C. Ductwork Insulation Schedule:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUCTWORK SYSTEM</th>
<th>INSULATION TYPE</th>
<th>INSULATION THICKNESS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Combustion Air</td>
<td>D-2</td>
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<td>Outside Air Intake</td>
<td>D-2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Equipment Casings</td>
<td>D-2</td>
<td>1.0</td>
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<td>Supply Ducts (internally insulated)</td>
<td>D-4 or D-5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Ducts (internally insulated)</td>
<td>D-4 or D-5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply Ducts (externally insulated) Thickness indicated is installed thickness.</td>
<td>D-1 or D-2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Ducts (externally insulated) Thickness indicated is installed thickness.</td>
<td>D-1 or D-2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duct Coils</td>
<td>D-1</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply Air, Return Air, (exterior to building on roof)</td>
<td>D-2</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rectangular Supply Ducts Downstream of Variable Air Volume Boxes (internally insulated)</td>
<td>D-4 or D-5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rectangular Supply Ducts Downstream of Variable Air Volume Boxes (externally insulated)</td>
<td>D-1 or D-2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Round Supply Ducts Downstream of Variable Air Volume Boxes (externally insulated)</td>
<td>D-1 or D-2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer Air Ducts (internally insulated)</td>
<td>D-4 or D-5</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D. Equipment Insulation Schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EQUIPMENT SYSTEM</th>
<th>INSULATION TYPE</th>
<th>INSULATION THICKNESS inches</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chillers: Insulate cold surfaces on chillers, including, but not limited to,</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>evaporator bundles, condenser bundles, heat-recovery bundles, suction piping,</td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2, 3, 4)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>compressor inlets, tube sheets, water boxes, nozzles and other areas</td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Pipe and Tank (E-9)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recommended by manufacturers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat-exchanger (water-to-water for cooling service) insulation</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2, 3)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Pipe and Tank (E-9)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat-exchanger (water-to-water for heating service) insulation</td>
<td>Calcium Silicate (E-7)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2, 3)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Pipe and Tank (E-9)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chilled-water pump insulation</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2, 3)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condenser-water pump insulation</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2, 3)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Component</td>
<td>Insulation Type</td>
<td>Thickness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating-hot-water pump insulation</td>
<td>Calcium Silicate (E-7)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Pipe and Tank (E-9)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chilled-water expansion/compression tank insulation</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Pipe and Tank (E-9)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating-hot-water expansion/compression tank insulation</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chilled-water air-separator insulation</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Pipe and Tank (E-9)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condenser-water air-separator insulation</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Pipe and Tank (E-9)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating-hot-water air-separator</td>
<td>Cellular Glass (E-5)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mineral-Fiber Board (E-2)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal storage tank (ice insulation)</td>
<td>Calcium Silicate (E-7)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

END OF SECTION 23 07 00