

LAX Community Noise Roundtable

Work Program A1
Review of SoCal Metroplex Proposed Procedures
and Suggestions for Comment Letter

July 8, 2015

Southern California Metroplex Environmental Assessment



Presentation Overview

- Review some of the proposed changes to arrival and departure procedures in Southern California
- Review the extent to which Roundtable noise abatement recommendations were incorporated into the procedures
- Identify possible areas for the Roundtable to comment to FAA on the Metroplex EA
- Respond to questions

Southern California Metroplex Environmental Assessment



- The Draft EA for the SoCal Metroplex project was released and made available for public review and comment on Wednesday, June 10, 2015
- The SoCal Metroplex project is a part of the FAA's NextGen initiative to improve airspace efficiency throughout the United States by utilizing satellite-based navigation technology
- FAA will accept written comments on the Draft EA until this Friday, July 10, 2015
- FAA's contact information for receiving public comments is provided at the end of this presentation

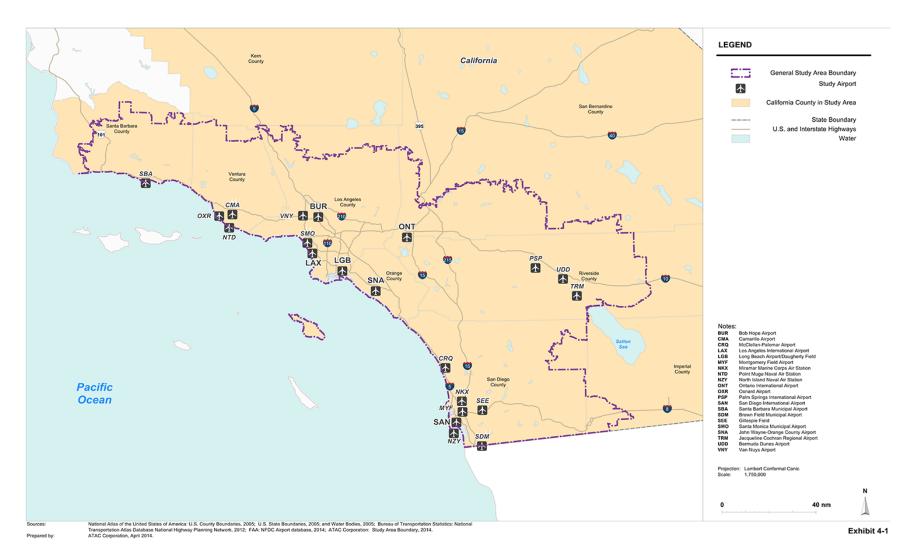
LAX Community Noise Roundtable Recommendation Letter



- On September 24, 2012, the LAX Community Noise Roundtable sent a letter to the FAA recommending noise abatement measures for FAA to consider in the Metroplex process
- On January 8, 2014, the FAA sent a letter to the Roundtable indicating that the Roundtable's recommendations were forwarded to the Southern California Metroplex Design and Implementation team "for consideration during the procedure design process."
- The FAA's letter also indicated that in order to implement the procedures more quickly, the designs would remain within the thresholds of an Environmental Assessment (EA), rather than trigger a lengthy Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

Southern California Metroplex General Study Area





SoCal OAPM EA

General Study Area

Southern California Metroplex Procedures



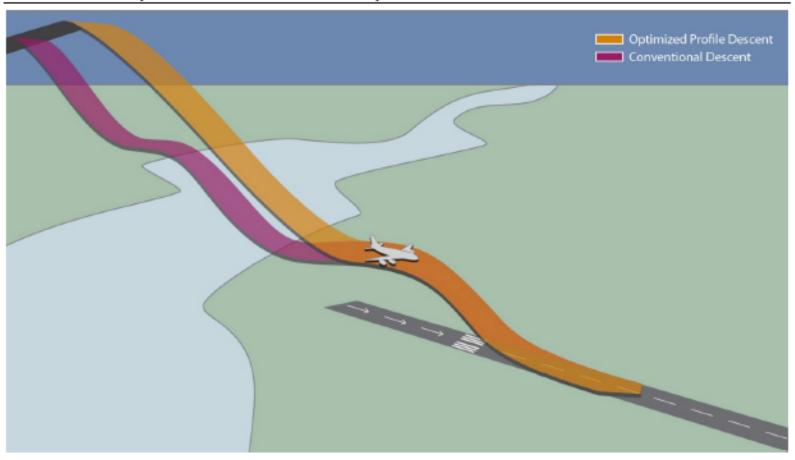
The Metroplex procedures include:

- Optimized Profile Descent (OPD)
 - Uses flight-idle throttle settings and keeps the aircraft "clean" until several miles from touchdown
- Performance Based Navigation (PBN), Required Navigation Performance (RNP), and Area Navigation (RNAV) departures and approaches
 - Reduces distance flown, increases precision and repeatability, and reduces pilot/controller communications

Optimized Profile Descent Compared to a Conventional Descent



Exhibit 1-6 Optimized Profile Descent Compared to a Conventional Descent

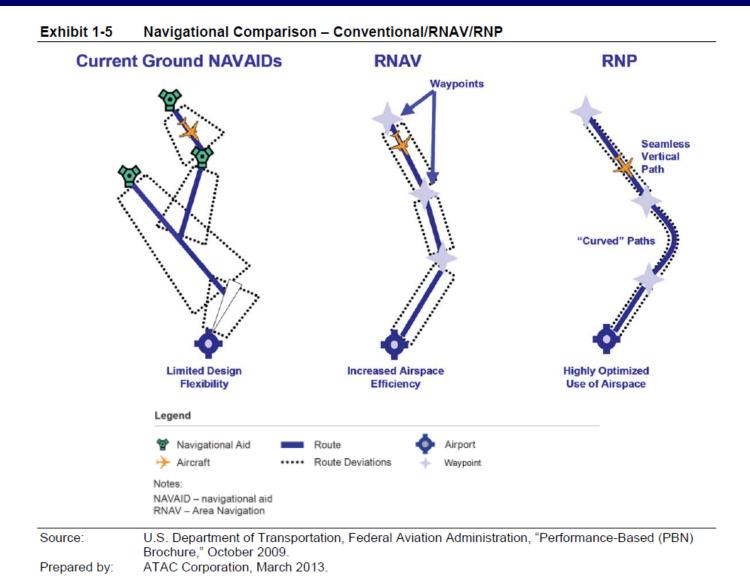


Source: ATAC Corporation, December 2012. Prepared by: ATAC Corporation, October 2013.

Source: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Southern California Metroplex Project, June 2015

Depictions of Conventional, RNAV, and RNP Procedures

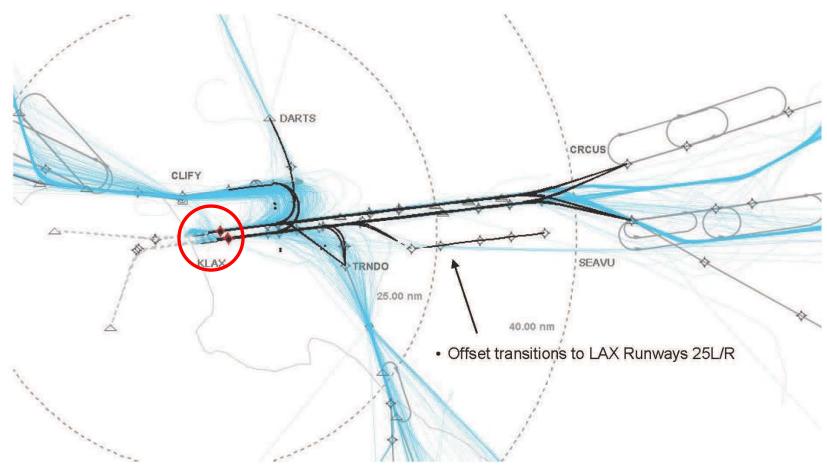




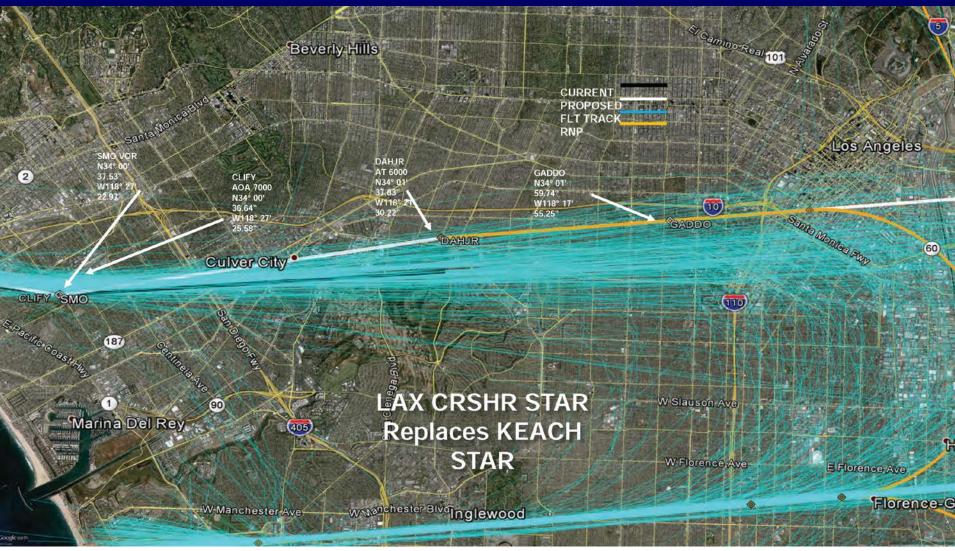
Source: Draft Environmental Assessment for the Southern California Metroplex Project, June 2015



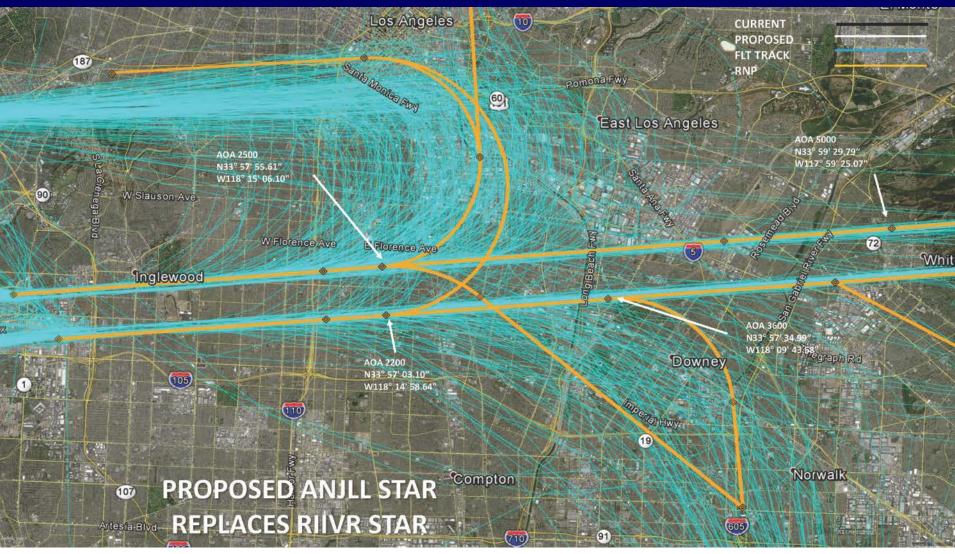
LAX RNAV/RNP Approaches West Flow











Roundtable Recommendations to FAA in 2012 Work Program Item A7 – Extended Downwind Approach



Roundtable's Recommendations

- 1) Increase the minimum altitude as much as possible for aircraft on the extended downwind and base legs of the approach to reduce noise
- 2) Explore options to reduce the requirement of using the extended downwind approach as a way to minimize Monterey Park overflights

- North Downwind RNP arrival procedures during west flow may partially reduce overflights of Monterey Park;
- Approximately 40 percent of the aircraft using LAX can fly the RNP;
- Concentrates the base leg turn over primarily commercial land uses between the 110 and 710 freeways;
- Aircraft may still be vectored further to the <u>east</u> when safety requires it or aircraft are not equipped to fly the RNP





Roundtable Recommendations to FAA in 2012 Work Program Item A11 – CDA at Lower Altitudes



Roundtable's Recommendations

- 1) Re-investigate the possibility of increasing the altitudes for aircraft on the CDA
- 2) Explore other possible solutions to resolve this issue.

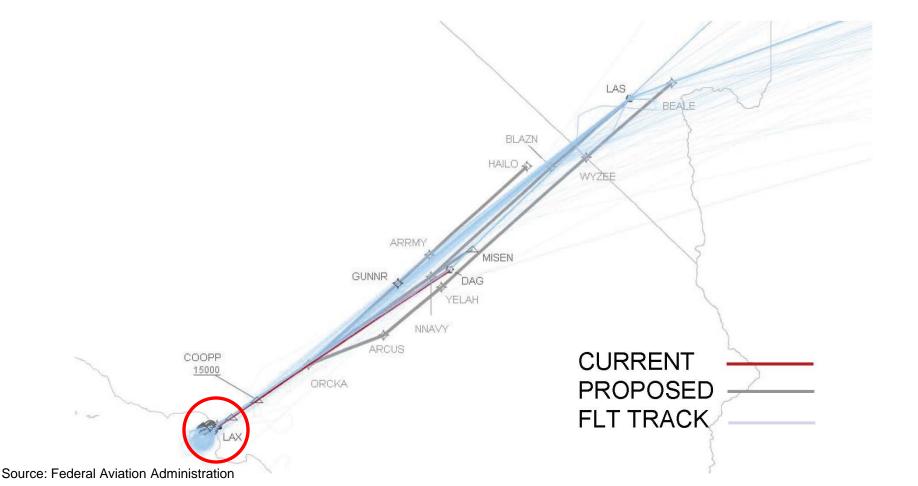
- Altitudes of new RNP arrival procedures remain the same as the conventional approach procedures;
- The new RNP arrival tracks remain in similar locations as the conventional approach procedures;
- The RNP arrival tracks will be more precise and concentrated than the conventional approach procedure tracks





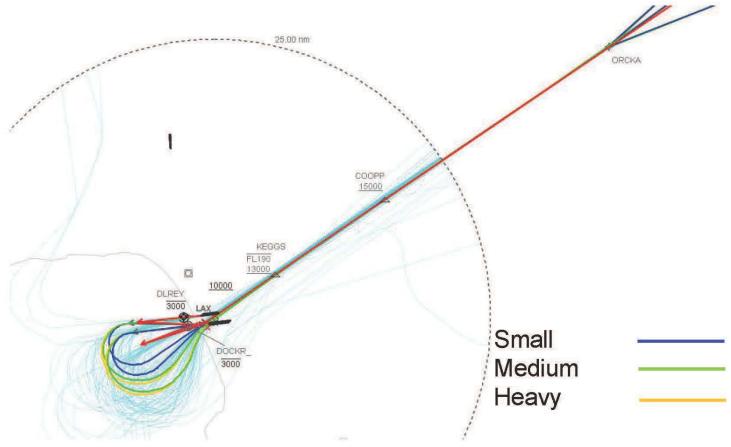


LAX LOOP8 SID West Flow (Old) LAX ORCKA1 SID Flow (New) Wide view

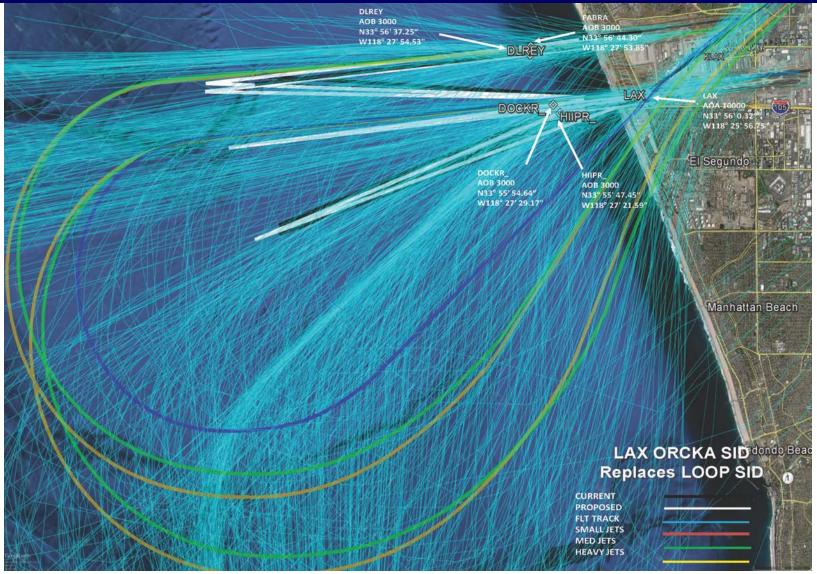




LAX LOOP8 SID West Flow (Old) LAX ORCKA1 SID West Flow (New) Close up view







Roundtable Recommendations to FAA in 2012 Work Program Item A6 – Improperly Flown Loop Departures



Roundtable's Recommendations

- 1) Re-investigate the possibility of establishing the LOOP RNAV/RNP procedure to help "tighten" the loop operations and
- 2) Look into other possibilities to improve the compliance of the LOOP departure procedure through the FAA OAPM process

- The ORCKA1 SID replaces the LOOP8 SID, <u>but with no additional</u> <u>controls or waypoints</u> to improve adherence of aircraft flying over LAX when re-crossing the shoreline;
- The ORCKA1 SID provides three different routes well east of LAX to allow FAA to maintain efficiency across a mix of aircraft types;
- The At Or Above (AOA) altitude near the LAX VOR remains at 10,000 feet

Roundtable Recommendations to FAA in 2012 Work Program Item A3 – Early Turns before the Shoreline



Roundtable's Recommendations

- 1) Explore options that could help pilots and controllers to reduce early turn operations and
- 2) Explore the possibility of adding a waypoint in the RNAV procedures or use other emerging technologies to assist pilots in identifying the shoreline during IFR conditions that could in turn help reduce early turns

- None of the new SIDs explicitly provide guidance to pilots to remain on runway heading until crossing the shoreline;
- The waypoints of FABRA, DELRY, DOCKR, and HIPR retain 3,000-foot MSL At OR Below (AOB) altitude limits

Roundtable Recommendations to FAA in 2012 Work Program Item A10 – Turboprop Community Overflights



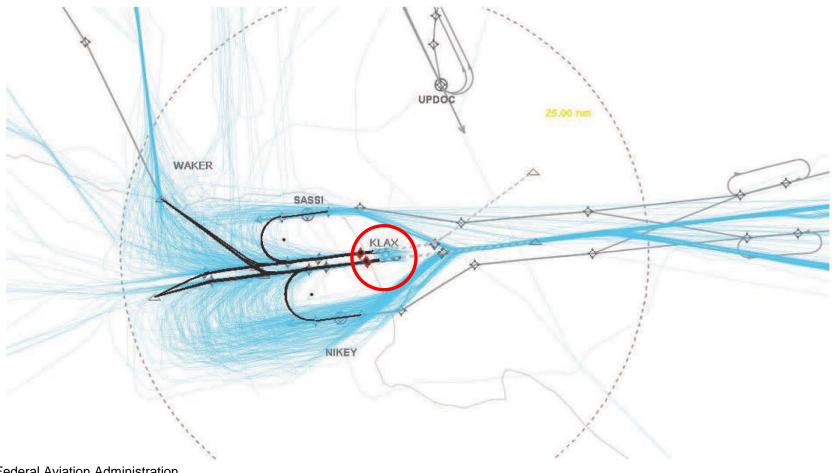
Roundtable's Recommendations

- 1) Explore options of redesigning the JEDDD procedure that will meet all necessary requirements to allow full implementation of the procedure,
- 2) Reroute the remaining turboprop aircraft that are currently overflying the Peninsula to offshores routes, and
- 3) If option 2 proves infeasible, then increase the minimum altitude of turboprop aircraft that overfly the Peninsula

- The FAA did not propose any changes to the existing turboprop departure procedures at LAX as part of the Metroplex process
- In November 2014, SkyWest announced a phase out of its turboprop operations at LAX, which should further reduce turboprop overflights of the Palos Verdes Peninsula
- Current turboprop traffic volume at LAX is low

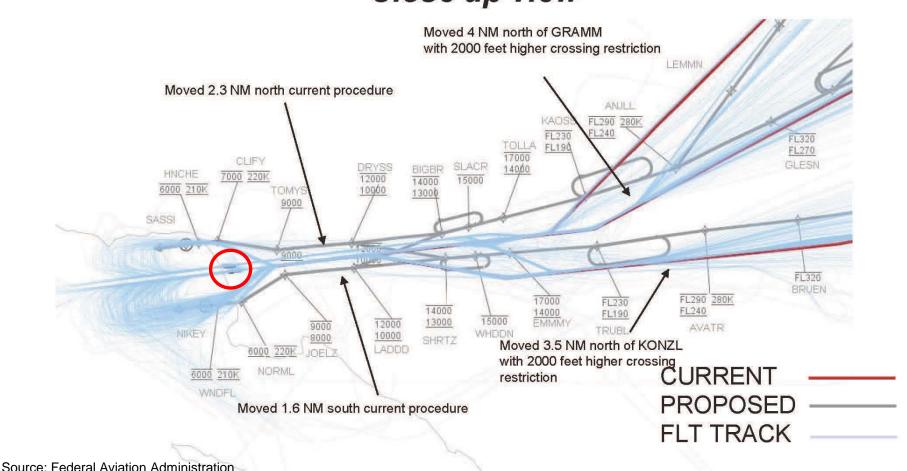


LAX RNAV/RNP Approaches **East Flow**





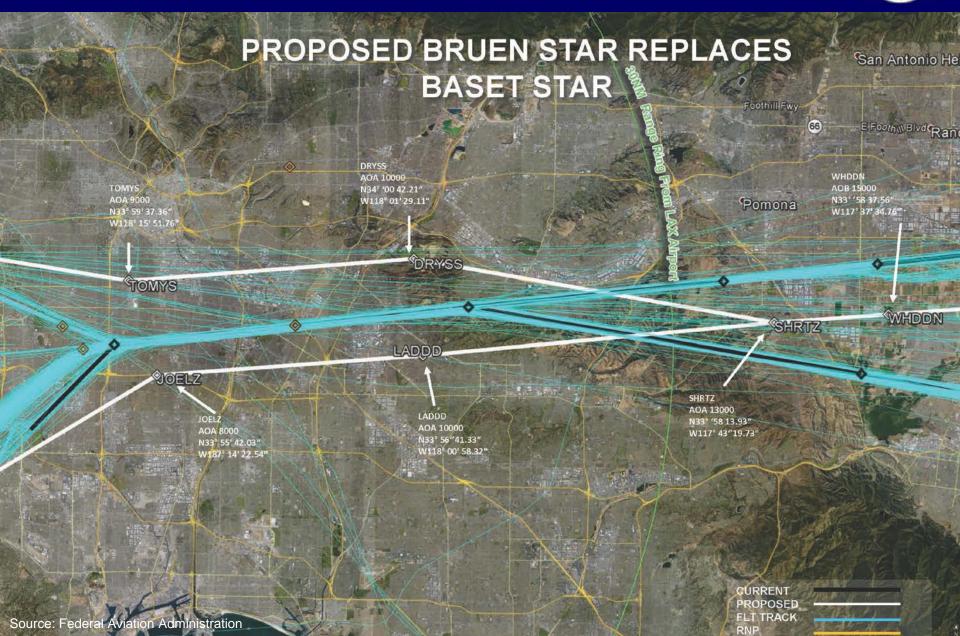
LAX BASET3 STAR East Flow (Old) LAX BIGBR1/BRUEN1 STARS East Flow (New) Close up view



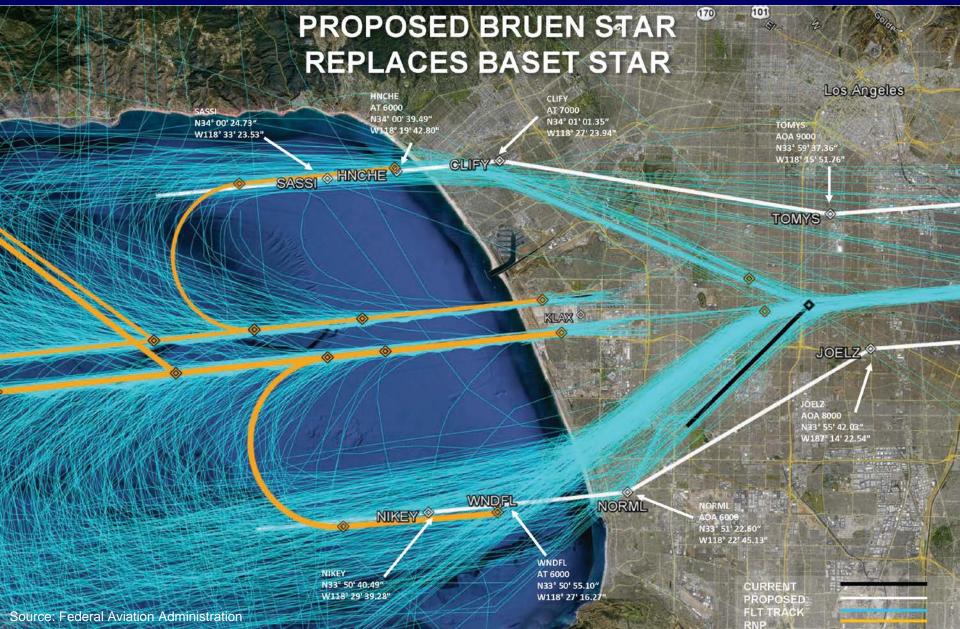










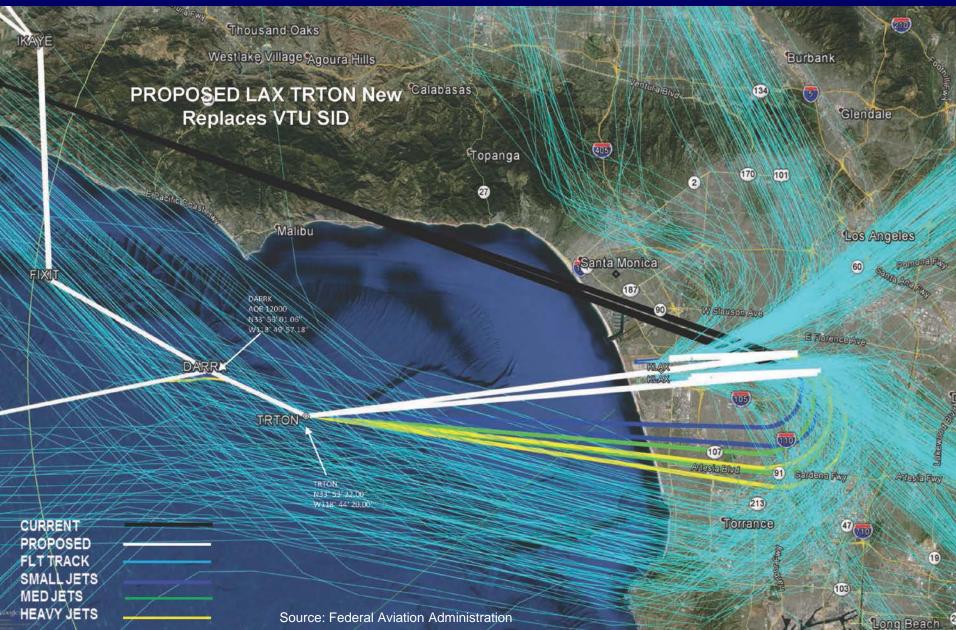




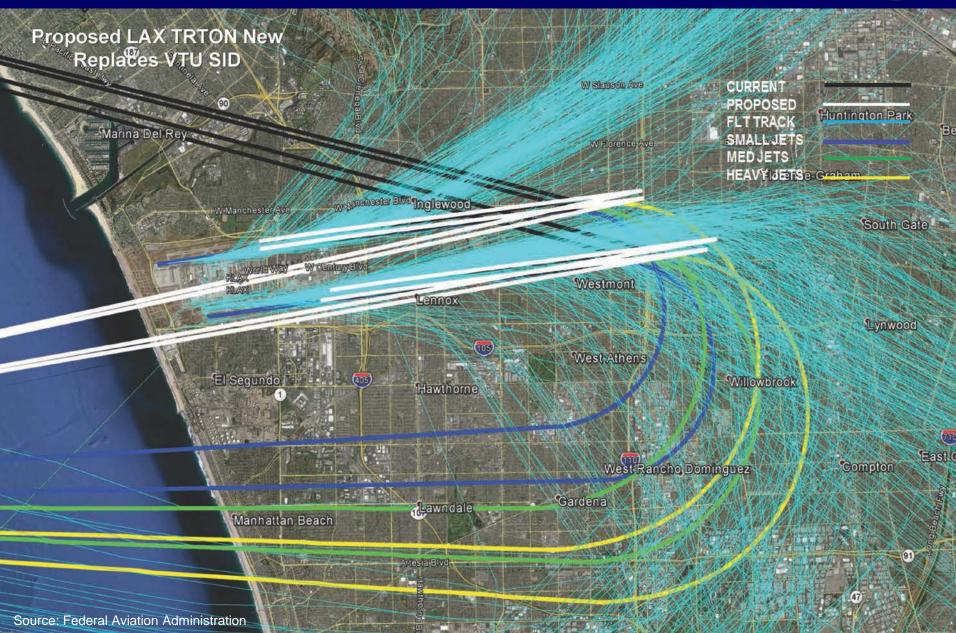
LAX VTU5 SID East Flow (Old) LAX TRTON1 SID East Flow (New) Close up view

Small Medium Heavy CURRENT **PROPOSED** FLT TRACK Moved approximately 2.5 NM east. No altitude change. Source: Federal Aviation Administration



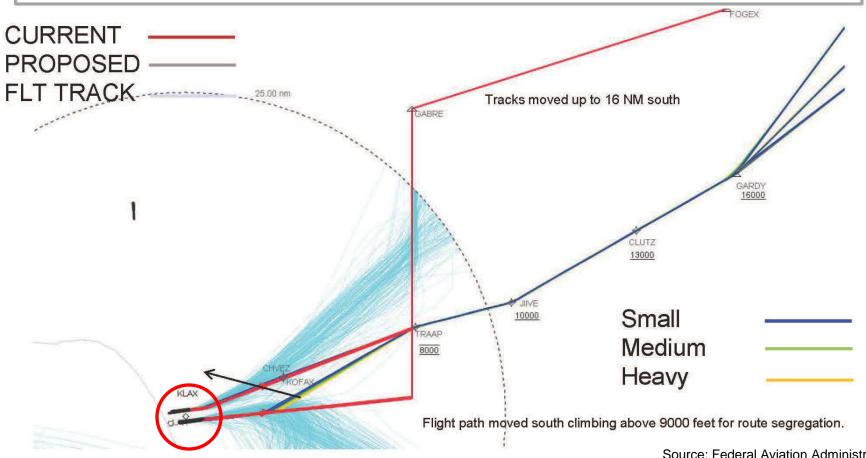








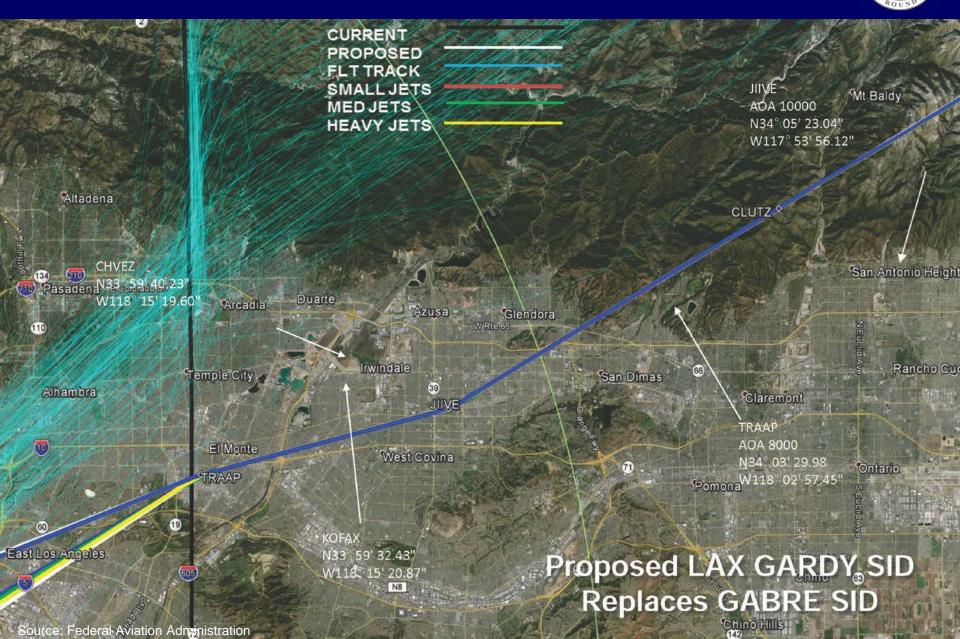
LAX GABRE9 SID East Flow (Old) LAX GARDY1 SID East Flow (New) Close up view





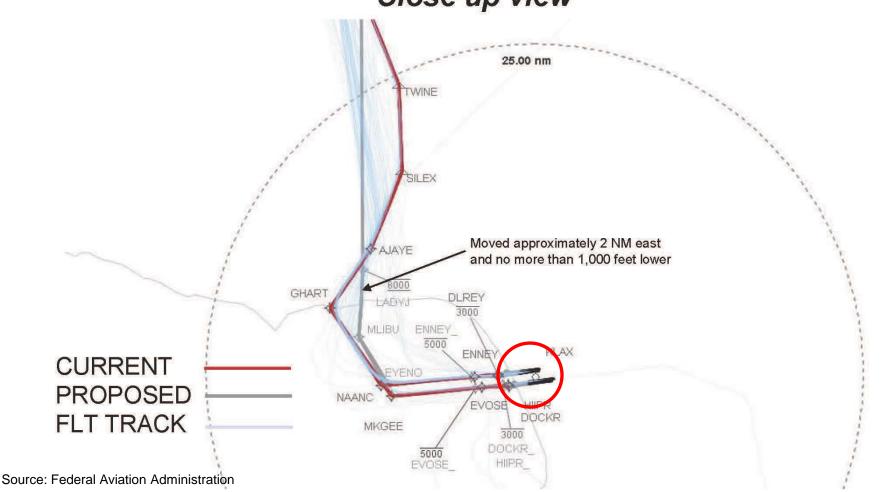




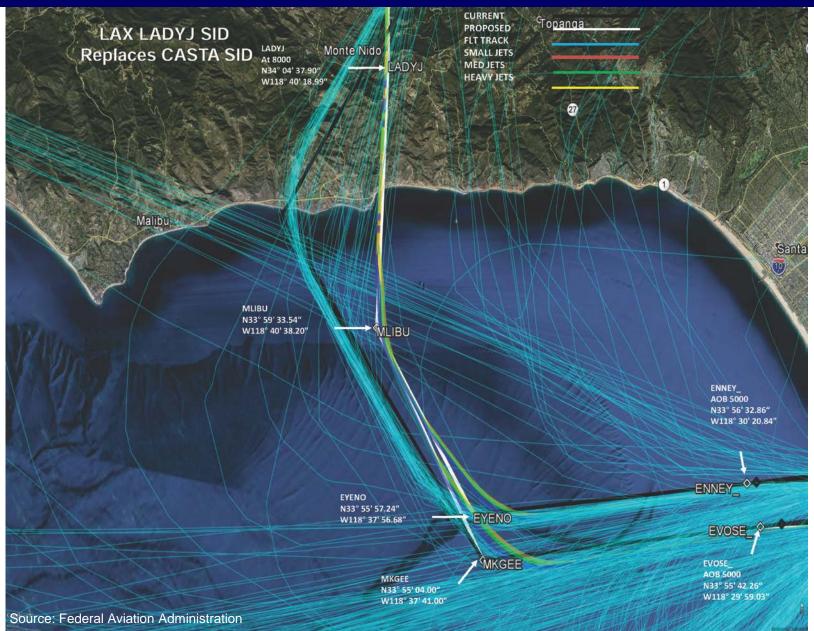




LAX CASTA4 SID West Flow (Old) LAX LADYJ SID West Flow (New) Close up view

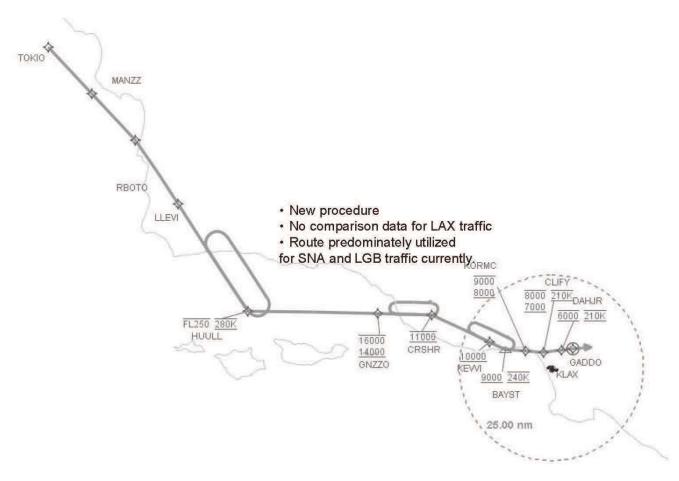




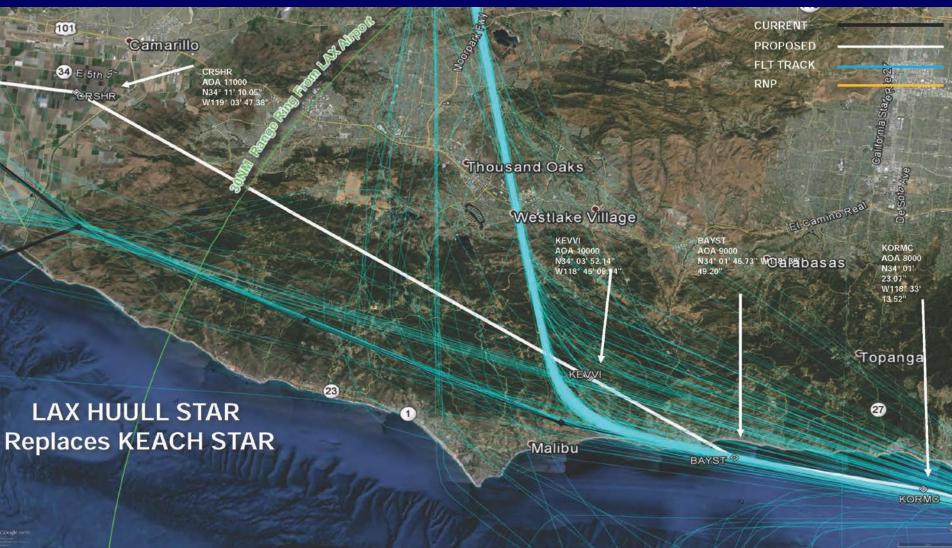




LAX HUULL1 STAR West Flow (New)









Deconflicting SMO and LAX

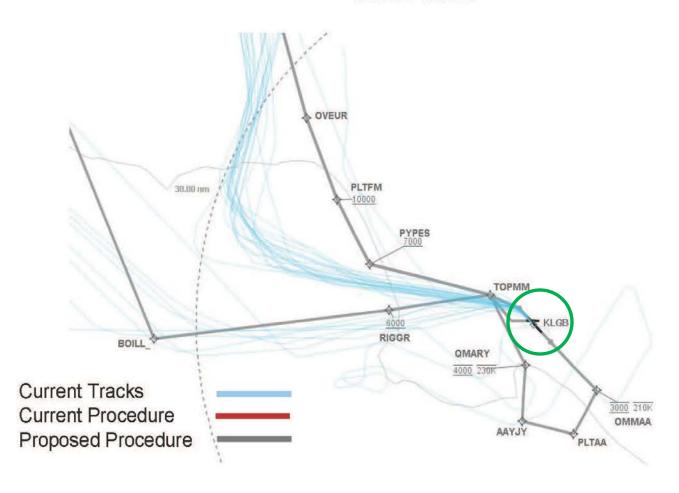


Figure 1: Study Team Recommendation for SMO RNAV SID

Source: Federal Aviation Administration



LGB TOPMM1 SID (New) Close View

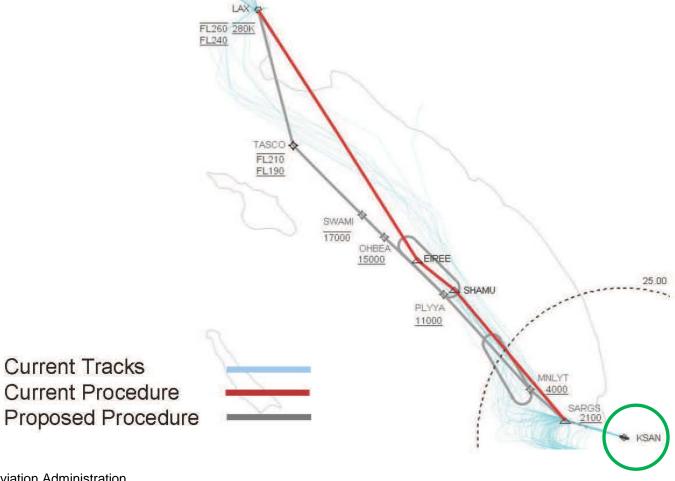






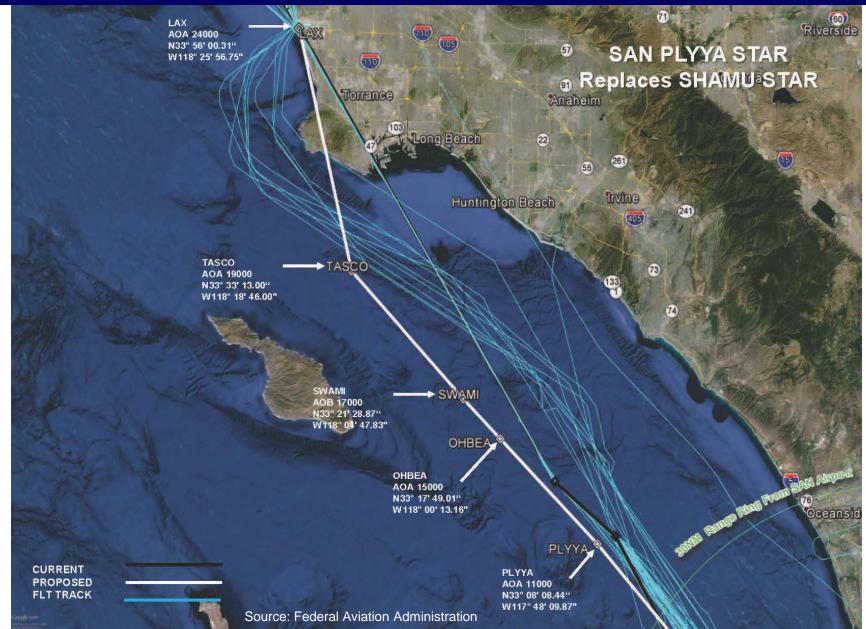


SAN SHAMU STAR East Flow (Old) SAN PLYYA STAR East Flow (New) Wide View



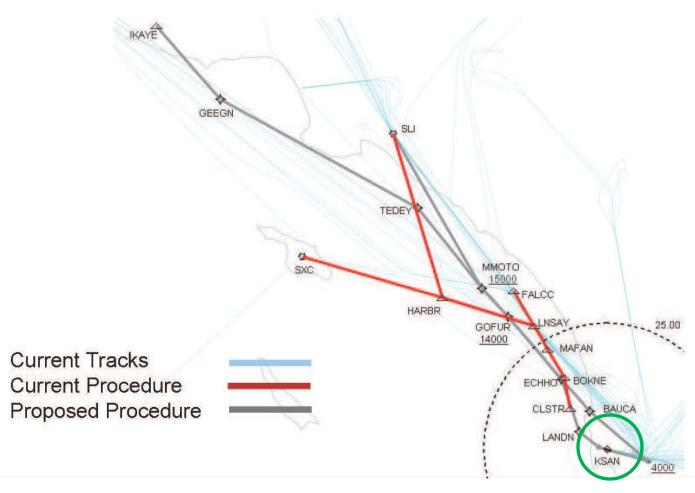
Source: Federal Aviation Administration







SAN LNSAY SID East/West Flow (Old) SAN ECHHO SID East/West Flow (New) Wide view



Source: Federal Aviation Administration





Change in Potential Population Exposed to Aircraft Noise



Metroplex EA conclusion regarding noise exposure:

There will be no significant noise impacts

Table 5-3 Change in Potential Population Exposed to Aircraft Noise – 2015 and 2020

| DNL Noise Exposure Level Under the Proposed Action | Increase in DNL with the Proposed Action | Population Exposed to Noise that Exceeds the Threshold | |
|---|---|---|------|
| | | 2015 | 2020 |
| DNL 65 and higher | DNL 1.5 dB or greater | 0 | 0 |
| DNL 60 to 65 | DNL 3.0 dB or greater | 0 | 0 |
| DNL 45 to 60 | DNL 5.0 dB or greater | 0 | 0 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census (population centroid data), accessed March 2015; ATAC

Corporation, April 2015 (NIRS modeling results).

Prepared by: ATAC Corporation, April 2015.



Potential Comment Letter Concepts

- The Roundtable is concerned that if the Metroplex procedures are implemented as proposed in the EA they will result in:
 - shifting noise from one community to another,
 - exposing noise sensitive land uses to new overflights and new aircraft noise exposure,
 - lower altitudes over some communities, and
 - increasing noise levels over existing noise sensitive land uses by concentrating aircraft flight tracks over a narrower area than the existing, pre-Metroplex conditions



Potential Comment Letter Concepts (cont.)

- Given these concerns, the Roundtable may consider requesting that the:
 - FAA remain open to the possibility making changes to the procedures should they result in widespread community complaints after implementation
 - FAA conduct the noise analysis using the CNEL metric and report any threshold of significance exceedances that result



Potential Comment Letter Concepts (cont.)

- The Roundtable may consider requesting that FAA provide a follow-up presentation to the Roundtable, regarding the Roundtable's noise abatement recommendations and how they were considered in the Metroplex process
 - Request that the FAA explain why each measure was or was not implemented in the Metroplex process



Comments can be emailed to:

9-ANM-SoCalOAPM@faa.gov

Comments can be submitted by regular mail to:

SoCal Metroplex EA
Federal Aviation Administration
Western Service Center - Operations Support Group
1601 Lind Avenue SW
Renton, WA 98057

SoCal Metroplex EA website:

http://www.metroplexenvironmental.com/socal_metroplex/socal_introduction.html

Google: SoCal Metroplex EA



Questions?